

### **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1. (Cancelled).
2. (Previously presented) A liquid crystal display comprising a first substrate having a reflective layer and a first electrode, a second substrate having a second electrode, and a nematic liquid crystal material with twisted orientation sandwiched between the first and second substrates, wherein

the liquid crystal display includes an anisotropic scattering layer which is provided nearer to a viewing side than to the reflective layer, and whose straight-go transmittance varies depending on the incident angle, and

when the viewing direction of the anisotropic scattering layer is designated as the Y-axis direction, and a direction orientated substantially at right angles to the Y-axis direction is designated as the X-axis direction, the anisotropic scattering light is provided with a part in which light entering the anisotropic scattering layer is scattered over a wider angle along the Y-axis direction than along the X-axis direction, and

wherein the straight-go transmittance of the anisotropic scattering layer has an incident angle dependence that is symmetrical about a layer normal to the anisotropic scattering layer for both the X-axis direction and the Y-axis direction, the straight-go transmittance of the anisotropic scattering layer in the direction of the layer normal is lower than the straight-go transmittance thereof in any oblique direction, and maximum straight-go transmittance is substantially the same in value for both the X-axis direction and the Y-axis direction.

3. (Cancelled).

4. (Currently amended) A liquid crystal display comprising a first substrate having a reflective layer and a first electrode, a second substrate having a second electrode, and a nematic liquid crystal material with twisted orientation sandwiched between the first and second substrates, wherein

the liquid crystal display includes an anisotropic scattering layer which is provided nearer to a viewing side than to the reflective layer, and whose straight-go transmittance varies depending on the incident angle, and

when the viewing direction of the anisotropic scattering layer is designated as the Y-axis direction, and a direction orientated substantially at right angles to the Y-axis direction is designated as the X-axis direction, the anisotropic scattering light is provided with a part in which light entering the anisotropic scattering layer is scattered over a wider angle along the Y-axis direction than along the X-axis direction, and

wherein the straight-go transmittance of the anisotropic scattering layer has an incident angle dependence that is asymmetrical along the X-axis direction about a layer normal to the anisotropic scattering layer, and symmetrical along the Y-axis direction, and the straight-go transmittance of the anisotropic scattering layer in the direction of the layer normal is lower than the straight-go transmittance thereof in any oblique direction.

5. (Previously presented) A liquid crystal display as claimed in claim 4, wherein the straight-go transmittance of the anisotropic scattering layer in oblique directions has a characteristic such that the maximum straight-go transmittance is

higher for light rays obliquely incident along the X-axis direction than for light rays obliquely incident along the Y-axis direction.

6. (Previously presented) A liquid crystal display as claimed in claim 2 or 4, wherein a scattering layer is provided in addition to the anisotropic scattering layer.

7. (Previously presented) A liquid crystal display as claimed in claim 2 or 4, wherein the nematic liquid crystal material has a twist angle that lies within a range of  $180^\circ$  to  $260^\circ$ .

8. (Previously presented) A liquid crystal display as claimed in claim 2 or 4, wherein the reflective layer is formed as a transfective layer, and a backlight is provided on the outside of the first substrate.

9. (Previously presented) A liquid crystal display as claimed in claim 2 or 4, wherein a color filter consisting of a plurality of colors is provided on either one of the first and second substrates.

10. (Previously presented) A liquid crystal display as claimed in claim 2 or 4, wherein at least one optical compensating element is provided on the second substrate side, and the optical compensating element is constructed using a retardation film or a twisted retardation film or both.